

Phase 1/2 Study of Linvoseltamab in Adult Patients With Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma

Estado

Reclutando

Tipo de Participantes

No aportado

Rangos de Edad

Mayores de 64 , Adultos (18-64 años)

Género

Ambos

Fases

Fase I , Fase II

Participantes esperados

270

Resultados

Sin resultados

Bajo nivel intervención

No

Enfermedad rara

No

Cobertura geográfica

Sin determinar

Ámbitos del ensayo

seguridad, eficacia, farmacocinética, dosis

Terapia avanzada

NO

Información

Identificador

2024-511454-45-00 (CTIS)

Cod. Protocolo

R5458-ONC-1826

Transicionado 2018-003188-78

Área terapéutica

Enfermedades [C] - Cáncer [C04]

Enfermedad investigada

Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma

Título Científico

PHASE 1/2 FIH STUDY OF REGN5458 (ANTI-BCMA X ANTI-CD3 BISPECIFIC ANTIBODY) IN PATIENTS WITH RELAPSED OR REFRACTORY MULTIPLE MYELOMA

Justificación

No aportado

Objetivo Principal

PHASE 1

Part 1 (Intravenous Dose Escalation): To assess the safety, tolerability, and dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs) and to determine one or more recommended phase 2 dose regimens (RP2DRs) of linvoseltamab as intravenous (IV) monotherapy in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM)

Part 2 (Subcutaneous Administration): To assess the safety, tolerability, and dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs), and pharmacokinetic (PK) properties, and to determine a dosing regimen of subcutaneous linvoseltamab monotherapy in patients with RRMM.

PHASE 2

Cohorts 1 and 2: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab separately in cohorts 1 and 2, as measured by objective response rate (ORR) and as determined by an Independent Review Committee (IRC), in patients who have progressed on or after 3 prior lines of therapy or who are triple-refractory (defined as refractory to a(n) proteasome inhibitor (PI), immunomodulatory imide drug (IMiD), and anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody).

Cohort 3: To assess the safety and efficacy of anti-IL-6R pre-treatment in preventing CRS in patients treated with IV linvoseltamab, and to assess anti-tumor activity in patients who receive anti-IL-6R pre-treatment as measured by investigator assessed ORR in patients who had previously progressed on or after 3 prior lines of therapy or who are triple-refractory (defined as refractory to a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody), and in patients who had previously relapsed after receiving BCMA directed chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T cellular therapy.

Variables de Evaluación Primaria

Phase 1: Incidence of dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs) from the first dose through the end of the DLT observation period

Phase 1: Incidence and severity of treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)

Phase 1: Incidence and severity of adverse events of special interest (AESI)

Phase 1, Part 2: Assessment of the pharmacokinetics (PK) of linvoseltamab

Phase 2, cohorts 1 and 2: Objective response rate (ORR) as determined by an Independent Review Committee (IRC)

Phase 2, cohort 3: Incidence and severity of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) with linvoseltamab

Phase 2, cohort 3: ORR of IV linvoseltamab as assessed by investigator

Momentos temporales de evaluación primaria

No aportado

Objetivo Secundario

Phase 1- Part 1: To assess the preliminary anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab as determined by the investigator and measured by ORR, duration of response (DOR), progression-free survival (PFS), rate of minimal residual disease (MRD) negative status, and overall survival (OS)

Phase 1- Part 1: To evaluate the PK properties of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 1- Part 1: To characterize the immunogenicity of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 1- Part 1: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab in patients treated in phase 1 dose level 7 (full dose) as measured by ORR and as determined by an Independent Review Committee (IRC)

Phase 1- Part 2: To assess the preliminary anti-tumor activity of SC linvoseltamab as determined by the investigator and measured by ORR, DOR, PFS, rate of MRD negative status, and OS

Phase 1- Part 2: To characterize the immunogenicity of SC linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab as measured by: ORR, as determined by the investigator; DOR and PFS, as determined by an IRC and the investigator; Rate of MRD negative status; OS

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To evaluate the effects of IV linvoseltamab on health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and patient-reported functions and symptoms

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To evaluate the safety and tolerability of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To evaluate the PK properties of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To characterize the immunogenicity of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab as measured by: DOR and PFS, as determined by the investigator; Rate of MRD negative status; OS

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To evaluate the effects of IV linvoseltamab on health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and patient-reported functions and symptoms

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To evaluate the safety and tolerability of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To evaluate the PK properties of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To characterize the immunogenicity of IV linvoseltamab

Variables de Evaluación Secundaria

Phase 1 part 1 and Phase 2: Concentrations of linvoseltamab in the serum over time

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Incidence over time of anti-drug antibodies (ADAs) to linvoseltamab

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Titer of anti-drug antibodies (ADAs) to linvoseltamab over time

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Incidence of neutralizing antibodies (Nab) to linvoseltamab over time

Phase 2, cohorts 1 and 2: Duration of response (DOR) as determined by an IRC, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1 and Phase 2: DOR as determined by an investigator, measured using the International Myeloma Working Group (IMWG) criteria

Phase 2: Progression-free survival (PFS) as determined by an IRC, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1 and Phase 2: PFS as determined by an investigator, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1: Rate of minimal residual disease (MRD) negative status, as determined by the investigator using the IMWG criteria

Phase 2: Rate of MRD negative status

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Overall survival (OS)

Phase 1, part 1 dose level 7 (DL7): ORR as measured as determined by blinded IRC, as measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1 and Phase 2: ORR as determined by the investigator, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and patient-reported symptoms and functioning per European Organization for Research and Treatment of Cancer Quality of Life Questionnaire (EORTC QLQ-C30)

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on HRQOL and patient-reported symptoms and functioning per Quality of Life Questionnaire-Multiple Myeloma module 20 [QLQ-MY20]

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on HRQOL and patient-reported symptoms and functioning per EuroQoL-5 Dimension-3 Level Scale [EQ-5D-3L])

Phase 2: Change in patient-reported global health status/QoL per EORTC QLQ-C30

Phase 2: Time to definitive deterioration in patient-reported global health status/QoL per EORTC QLQ-C30

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on patient-reported functions and symptoms per EORTC QLQ-C30

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on patient-reported functions and symptoms per QLQ-MY20

Phase 2: Incidence and severity of TEAEs with linvoseltamab

Phase 2: Incidence and severity of AESIs with linvoseltamab

Momentos temporales de evaluación secundaria

No aportado

Criterios de Inclusión

Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 1 Confirmed diagnosis of active Multiple Myeloma (MM) by International Myeloma Working Group (IMWG) diagnostic criteria Patients must have myeloma that is response-evaluable according to the 2016 IMWG response criteria as defined in the protocol. Phase 1, Part 1 (Dose Escalation): Patients with MM who have exhausted all therapeutic options that are expected to provide meaningful clinical benefit, either through disease relapse, treatment refractory disease or intolerance of the therapy and including either: a. Progression on or after at least 3 lines of therapy, or intolerance of therapy, including a PI, an IMiD, and an anti-CD38 antibody, OR b. Progression on or after an anti-CD38 antibody and have disease that is "double refractory" to a proteasome inhibitor and an IMiD, or intolerance of therapy. The anti-CD38 antibody may have been administered alone or in combination with another agent such as a proteasome inhibitor (PI). Refractory disease is defined as lack of response or relapse within 60 days of last treatment. Phase 1, Part 2 (SC Administration): Patients with MM whose disease meets the following criteria: a. Progression on or after at least 3 prior lines of therapy including a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 antibody, OR b. Patients must be triple-refractory, defined as being refractory to prior treatment with at least 1 anti-CD38 antibody, a PI, and an IMiD. Phase 2 (Cohorts 1 and 2): Patients with MM whose disease meets the following criteria: a. Progression on or after at least 3 prior lines of therapy including a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 antibody, OR b. Patients must be triple- refractory, defined as being refractory* to prior treatment with at least 1 PI, 1 IMiD, and an anti-CD38 antibody. *Refractory disease is defined as progression during treatment or within 60 days after completion of therapy, or <25% response to therapy. Phase 2 (Cohort 3): Patients with MM whose disease meets the following criteria: Progression on or after at least 3 prior lines of therapy including a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 antibody, OR Patients must be triple- refractory, defined as being refractory* to prior treatment with at least 1 PI, 1 IMiD, and an anti-CD38 antibody. * Refractory disease is defined as progression during treatment or within 60 days after completion of therapy, or <25% response to therapy. AND, if patients have relapsed after a BCMA-directed CAR-T cellular therapy then: Treatment with a CAR-T must have been associated with a response of PR or better, and If CAR-T cellular therapy was the most recent prior therapy, excluding corticosteroids, then treatment must have been a minimum of 60 days prior to treatment with linvoseltamab Other protocol defined inclusion criteria apply

Criterios de Exclusión

Diagnosis of plasma cell leukemia, primary systemic light-chain amyloidosis, (excluding myeloma-associated amyloidosis), Waldenström macroglobulinemia (lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma), or POEMS syndrome (polyneuropathy, organomegaly, endocrinopathy, monoclonal protein, and skin changes) Patients with known MM brain lesions or meningeal involvement Cardiac ejection fraction <40% by echocardiogram or multi-gated acquisition scan (MUGA) Prior treatment with BCMA-directed immunotherapies, including BCMA bispecific antibodies and BiTEs. Note: BCMA antibody-drug conjugates are not excludedand BCMA-directed CAR-T treatment is not excluded in Phase 2 Cohort 3. History of allogeneic stem cell transplantation at any time, or autologous stem cell transplantation within 12 weeks of the start of study treatment Other protocol defined exclusion criteria apply

Calendario

(Última actualización: 22/07/2026)

Autorización 18/03/2022	Inicio de Ensayo 03/06/2022	Inclusión Primer Paciente 28/06/2022	Interrumpido No aportado	Reiniciado No aportado
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Fin de reclutamiento No aportado	Fin prematuro (España) No aportado	Fin prematuro (Global) No aportado	Fin del ensayo en España No aportado	Fin del ensayo global No aportado
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Promotor

Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc. United States

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Contact Person

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Monetary support: N/A

Tipo de promotor: Comercial

Ceim

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Centros

Activo (30/09/2022)	CLINICA UNIVERSIDAD DE NAVARRA Pamplona/Iruña NAVARRA	
Activo (22/07/2022)	HOSPITAL CLINICO UNIVERSITARIO DE SALAMANCA (COMPLEJO ASISTENCIAL UNIV.SA) Salamanca SALAMANCA	Hematology
Cerrado (30/09/2022)	HOSPITAL CLINICO UNIVERSITARIO DE SANTIAGO Santiago de Compostela CORUÑA	
Activo (18/07/2022)	HOSPITAL DE LA SANTA CREU I SANT PAU Barcelona BARCELONA	Hematology
Cerrado (30/09/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARI GERMANS TRIAS I PUJOL DE BADALONA Badalona BARCELONA	Hematology
Cerrado (30/09/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO DE CABUEÑES Gijón ASTURIAS	
Activo (19/09/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO DE LA PRINCESA Madrid MADRID	
Activo (03/06/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO RAMON Y CAJAL Madrid MADRID	Hematology

**HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO 12 DE
OCTUBRE**

Madrid

MADRID

Hematology

Activo (23/06/2022)

Medicamentos

Livoseltamab

SOLUTION FOR INJECTION
SOLUTION FOR INJECTION

-

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Dermodrin 30 mg/2 ml soluie injectabil

SOLUTION FOR INJECTION
IV INFUSION

Código ATC: R06AA02 - DIFENHIDRAMINA

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Dexamethasone phosphate 4 mg/ml solution for injection/infusion

SOLUTION FOR INJECTION/INFUSION
IV INFUSION

Código ATC: H02AB02 - DEXAMETASONA

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Paracetamol 500 mg Film-Coated Tablets

FILM-COATED TABLET
ORAL

Código ATC: N02BE01 - PARACETAMOL

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride 25 mg Tablets

TABLET
ORAL

Código ATC: R06AA02 - DIFENHIDRAMINA

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Livoseltamab

SOLUTION FOR INFUSION
SOLUTION FOR INFUSION

-

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

RoActemra 20 mg/mL concentrate for solution for infusion

SOLUTION FOR INFUSION
IV INFUSION

Código ATC: L04AC07 - TOCILIZUMAB

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Dexamethasone 4 mg tablets

TABLET
ORAL

Código ATC: H02AB02 - DEXAMETASONA

Principios Activos: N/A

Experimental

Sin resultados

Phase 1/2 Study of Linvoseltamab in Adult Patients With Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma

State Recruiting	Type of participants Not provided	Age Ranges Older than 64 , Adults (18-64 years)
Gender Both	Phases Phase I , Phase II	Expected Participants 270
Results No results	Low level of intervention No	Rare disease No
Geographic coverage Undetermined	Areas of the study safety, effectiveness, pharmacokinetics, dose	Advanced therapy NO

Information

Identifier 2024-511454-45-00 (CTIS)	Protocol Code R5458-ONC-1826
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Transitioned 2018-003188-78

Therapeutic area
Diseases [C] - Cancer [C04]

Investigated Disease
Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma

Scientific Title
PHASE 1/2 FIH STUDY OF REGN5458 (ANTI-BCMA X ANTI-CD3 BISPECIFIC ANTIBODY) IN PATIENTS WITH RELAPSED OR REFRACTORY MULTIPLE MYELOMA

Rationale

Not provided

Main Objective

PHASE 1

Part 1 (Intravenous Dose Escalation): To assess the safety, tolerability, and dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs) and to determine one or more recommended phase 2 dose regimens (RP2DRs) of linvoseltamab as intravenous (IV) monotherapy in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM)

Part 2 (Subcutaneous Administration): To assess the safety, tolerability, and dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs), and pharmacokinetic (PK) properties, and to determine a dosing regimen of subcutaneous linvoseltamab monotherapy in patients with RRMM.

PHASE 2

Cohorts 1 and 2: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab separately in cohorts 1 and 2, as measured by objective response rate (ORR) and as determined by an Independent Review Committee (IRC), in patients who have progressed on or after 3 prior lines of therapy or who are triple-refractory (defined as refractory to a(n) proteasome inhibitor (PI), immunomodulatory imide drug (IMiD), and anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody).

Cohort 3: To assess the safety and efficacy of anti-IL-6R pre-treatment in preventing CRS in patients treated with IV linvoseltamab, and to assess anti-tumor activity in patients who receive anti-IL-6R pre-treatment as measured by investigator assessed ORR in patients who had previously progressed on or after 3 prior lines of therapy or who are triple-refractory (defined as refractory to a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody), and in patients who had previously relapsed after receiving BCMA directed chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T cellular therapy.

Primary Endpoints

Phase 1: Incidence of dose-limiting toxicities (DLTs) from the first dose through the end of the DLT observation period

Phase 1: Incidence and severity of treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)

Phase 1: Incidence and severity of adverse events of special interest (AESI)

Phase 1, Part 2: Assessment of the pharmacokinetics (PK) of linvoseltamab

Phase 2, cohorts 1 and 2: Objective response rate (ORR) as determined by an Independent Review Committee (IRC)

Phase 2, cohort 3: Incidence and severity of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) with linvoseltamab

Phase 2, cohort 3: ORR of IV linvoseltamab as assessed by investigator

Temporary moments of secondary assessment

Not provided

Secondary Objective

Phase 1- Part 1: To assess the preliminary anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab as determined by the investigator and measured by ORR, duration of response (DOR), progression-free survival (PFS), rate of minimal residual disease (MRD) negative status, and overall survival (OS)

Phase 1- Part 1: To evaluate the PK properties of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 1- Part 1: To characterize the immunogenicity of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 1- Part 1: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab in patients treated in phase 1 dose level 7 (full dose) as measured by ORR and as determined by an Independent Review Committee (IRC)

Phase 1- Part 2: To assess the preliminary anti-tumor activity of SC linvoseltamab as determined by the investigator and measured by ORR, DOR, PFS, rate of MRD negative status, and OS

Phase 1- Part 2: To characterize the immunogenicity of SC linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab as measured by: ORR, as determined by the investigator; DOR and PFS, as determined by an IRC and the investigator; Rate of MRD negative status; OS

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To evaluate the effects of IV linvoseltamab on health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and patient-reported functions and symptoms

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To evaluate the safety and tolerability of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To evaluate the PK properties of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 1 and 2: To characterize the immunogenicity of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To assess the anti-tumor activity of IV linvoseltamab as measured by: DOR and PFS, as determined by the investigator; Rate of MRD negative status; OS

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To evaluate the effects of IV linvoseltamab on health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and patient-reported functions and symptoms

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To evaluate the safety and tolerability of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To evaluate the PK properties of IV linvoseltamab

Phase 2- cohorts 3: To characterize the immunogenicity of IV linvoseltamab

Secondary Endpoints

Phase 1 part 1 and Phase 2: Concentrations of linvoseltamab in the serum over time

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Incidence over time of anti-drug antibodies (ADAs) to linvoseltamab

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Titer of anti-drug antibodies (ADAs) to linvoseltamab over time

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Incidence of neutralizing antibodies (Nab) to linvoseltamab over time

Phase 2, cohorts 1 and 2: Duration of response (DOR) as determined by an IRC, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1 and Phase 2: DOR as determined by an investigator, measured using the International Myeloma Working Group (IMWG) criteria

Phase 2: Progression-free survival (PFS) as determined by an IRC, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1 and Phase 2: PFS as determined by an investigator, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1: Rate of minimal residual disease (MRD) negative status, as determined by the investigator using the IMWG criteria

Phase 2: Rate of MRD negative status

Phase 1 and Phase 2: Overall survival (OS)

Phase 1, part 1 dose level 7 (DL7): ORR as measured as determined by blinded IRC, as measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 1 and Phase 2: ORR as determined by the investigator, measured using the IMWG criteria

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and patient-reported symptoms and functioning per European Organization for Research and Treatment of Cancer Quality of Life Questionnaire (EORTC QLQ-C30)

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on HRQOL and patient-reported symptoms and functioning per Quality of Life Questionnaire-Multiple Myeloma module 20 [QLQ-MY20]

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on HRQOL and patient-reported symptoms and functioning per EuroQoL-5 Dimension-3 Level Scale [EQ-5D-3L])

Phase 2: Change in patient-reported global health status/QoL per EORTC QLQ-C30

Phase 2: Time to definitive deterioration in patient-reported global health status/QoL per EORTC QLQ-C30

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on patient-reported functions and symptoms per EORTC QLQ-C30

Phase 2: Effects of linvoseltamab on patient-reported functions and symptoms per QLQ-MY20

Phase 2: Incidence and severity of TEAEs with linvoseltamab

Phase 2: Incidence and severity of AESIs with linvoseltamab

Temporary moments of secondary assessment

Not provided

Inclusion criteria

Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 1 Confirmed diagnosis of active Multiple Myeloma (MM) by International Myeloma Working Group (IMWG) diagnostic criteria Patients must have myeloma that is response-evaluable according to the 2016 IMWG response criteria as defined in the protocol. Phase 1, Part 1 (Dose Escalation): Patients with MM who have exhausted all therapeutic options that are expected to provide meaningful clinical benefit, either through disease relapse, treatment refractory disease or intolerance of the therapy and including either: a. Progression on or after at least 3 lines of therapy, or intolerance of therapy, including a PI, an IMiD, and an anti-CD38 antibody, OR b. Progression on or after an anti-CD38 antibody and have disease that is "double refractory" to a proteasome inhibitor and an IMiD, or intolerance of therapy. The anti-CD38 antibody may have been administered alone or in combination with another agent such as a proteasome inhibitor (PI). Refractory disease is defined as lack of response or relapse within 60 days of last treatment. Phase 1, Part 2 (SC Administration): Patients with MM whose disease meets the following criteria: a. Progression on or after at least 3 prior lines of therapy including a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 antibody, OR b. Patients must be triple-refractory, defined as being refractory to prior treatment with at least 1 anti-CD38 antibody, a PI, and an IMiD. Phase 2 (Cohorts 1 and 2): Patients with MM whose disease meets the following criteria: a. Progression on or after at least 3 prior lines of therapy including a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 antibody, OR b. Patients must be triple- refractory, defined as being refractory* to prior treatment with at least 1 PI, 1 IMiD, and an anti-CD38 antibody. *Refractory disease is defined as progression during treatment or within 60 days after completion of therapy, or <25% response to therapy. Phase 2 (Cohort 3): Patients with MM whose disease meets the following criteria: Progression on or after at least 3 prior lines of therapy including a(n) PI, IMiD, and anti-CD38 antibody, OR Patients must be triple- refractory, defined as being refractory* to prior treatment with at least 1 PI, 1 IMiD, and an anti-CD38 antibody. * Refractory disease is defined as progression during treatment or within 60 days after completion of therapy, or <25% response to therapy. AND, if patients have relapsed after a BCMA-directed CAR-T cellular therapy then: Treatment with a CAR-T must have been associated with a response of PR or better, and If CAR-T cellular therapy was the most recent prior therapy, excluding corticosteroids, then treatment must have been a minimum of 60 days prior to treatment with linvoseltamab Other protocol defined inclusion criteria apply

Exclusion criteria

Diagnosis of plasma cell leukemia, primary systemic light-chain amyloidosis, (excluding myeloma-associated amyloidosis), Waldenström macroglobulinemia (lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma), or POEMS syndrome (polyneuropathy, organomegaly, endocrinopathy, monoclonal protein, and skin changes) Patients with known MM brain lesions or meningeal involvement Cardiac ejection fraction <40% by echocardiogram or multi-gated acquisition scan (MUGA) Prior treatment with BCMA-directed immunotherapies, including BCMA bispecific antibodies and BiTEs. Note: BCMA antibody-drug conjugates are not excludedand BCMA-directed CAR-T treatment is not excluded in Phase 2 Cohort 3. History of allogeneic stem cell transplantation at any time, or autologous stem cell transplantation within 12 weeks of the start of study treatment Other protocol defined exclusion criteria apply

Calendar

(Last Update: 22/07/2026)

Authorization 18/03/2022	Start of Trial 03/06/2022	First patient inclusion 28/06/2022	Halted Not aported	Restarted Not aported
End of recruitment Not aported	Premature end (Spain) Not aported	Premature End (Global) Not aported	Trial end (Spain) Not aported	Trial end (Global) Not aported

Sponsor

Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc. United States

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Contact Person

Medical Affairs

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Monetary support: N/A

Sponsor type: Commercial

Ceim

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Sites

Active (30/09/2022)	CLINICA UNIVERSIDAD DE NAVARRA Pamplona/Iruña NAVARRA
Active (22/07/2022)	HOSPITAL CLINICO UNIVERSITARIO DE SALAMANCA (COMPLEJO ASISTENCIAL UNIV.SA) Salamanca SALAMANCA Hematology
Closed (30/09/2022)	HOSPITAL CLINICO UNIVERSITARIO DE SANTIAGO Santiago de Compostela CORUÑA
Active (18/07/2022)	HOSPITAL DE LA SANTA CREU I SANT PAU Barcelona BARCELONA Hematology
Closed (30/09/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARI GERMANS TRIAS I PUJOL DE BADALONA Badalona BARCELONA Hematology
Closed (30/09/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO DE CABUEÑES Gijón ASTURIAS
Active (19/09/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO DE LA PRINCESA Madrid MADRID
Active (03/06/2022)	HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO RAMON Y CAJAL Madrid MADRID Hematology

HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO 12 DE OCTUBRE

Madrid

MADRID

Hematology

Active (23/06/2022)

Medication

Linvoseltamab

SOLUTION FOR INJECTION
SOLUTION FOR INJECTION

-

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

Dermodrin 30 mg/2 ml soluie injectabil

SOLUTION FOR INJECTION
IV INFUSION

ATC code: R06AA02 - DIFENHIDRAMINA

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

Dexamethasone phosphate 4 mg/ml solution for injection/infusion

SOLUTION FOR INJECTION/INFUSION
IV INFUSION

ATC code: H02AB02 - DEXAMETASONA

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

Paracetamol 500 mg Film-Coated Tablets

FILM-COATED TABLET
ORAL

ATC code: N02BE01 - PARACETAMOL

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride 25 mg Tablets

TABLET
ORAL

ATC code: R06AA02 - DIFENHIDRAMINA

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

Linvoseltamab

SOLUTION FOR INFUSION
SOLUTION FOR INFUSION

-

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

RoActemra 20 mg/mL concentrate for solution for infusion

SOLUTION FOR INFUSION
IV INFUSION

ATC code: L04AC07 - TOCILIZUMAB

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

Dexamethasone 4 mg tablets

TABLET
ORAL

ATC code: H02AB02 - DEXAMETASONA

Active Principles: N/A

Experimental

No results